

# Introduction to the CEN Standard for Laboratory Biorisk Management

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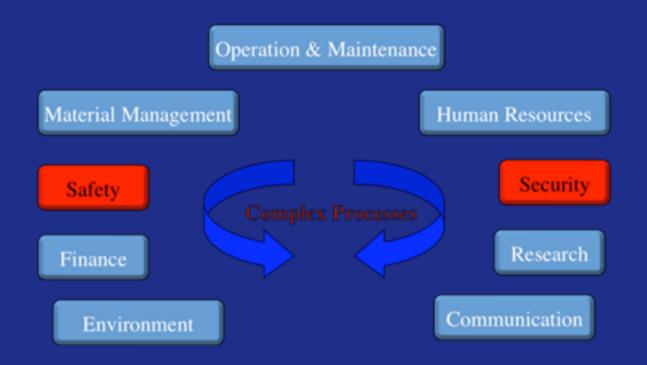
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### Laboratory Biorisk Management System



biorisk@icid.com\* www.biorisk.eu





#### What is Laboratory Biorisk Management?

- Biorisk encompasses biosafety and biosecurity, where the hazards are biological agents and their products
- Establishes systems and policies to manage the laboratory biorisk
- Integral in the day-to-day operations of the institute/organization, both in normal times and times of emergency
- CWA 15793 Laboratory Biorisk
   Management Standard





#### Standards, Regulations, Best Practice

Laws

Regulations

Mandatory

Voluntary

**Standards** 

Professional best practices, guidance, corporate specifications







#### What is CEN?

- CEN = Comité Européen de Normalisation (European Committee for Standardization)
- 31 national members
- A major provider of European Standards, technical specifications and technical reports.
- The only recognized European organization for the planning, drafting and adoption of European Standards (except for electrotechnology and telecommunication).
- CEN Standards have a unique status since they are the national standards in each of its member countries.







## What is a CEN Workshop Agreement?

#### **CEN Workshop Agreements (CWAs) are**

- specifications or standards, drawn up in an open workshop environment
- voluntary in application
- established by any interested parties
- reflects consensus
- approved by a recognized body
- meant for common and repeated use
- Valid for 3 years
- CWA15793 is 1<sup>st</sup> and only international standard for any and all laboratories that specifically work with pathogens and toxins







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**Consensus agreements** 

(e.g. CEN, ISO)

Professional best practices, guidance, corporate specifications







#### CWA 15793:2008 Laboratory Biorisk Management

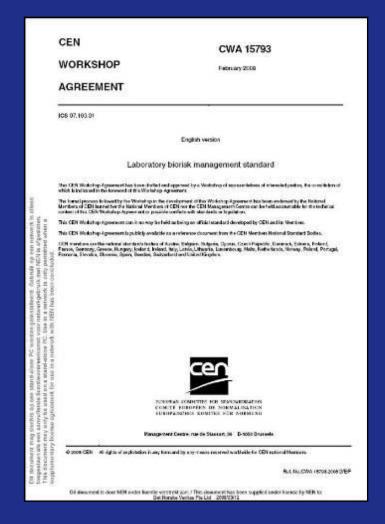
- Developed by 76 participants from 24 countries
- CWA15793 is a management system standard consistent with other international standards such as
  - ISO 9001 / 14001 and OSHAS18001
- A management system standard is
  - A framework that integrates best practices and procedures
  - Ensures that an organization can effectively achieve all of its objectives
  - Frequently built around the Plan, Do, Check, Act cycle





### CWA 15793:2008 Integration

- The CWA15793 Standard is designed to complement other management standards
  - ISO9001 (Quality)
  - ISO14001 (Environmental)
  - OHSAS18001 (Occupational Health and Safety)





# CWA 15793:2008 Scope

- The CWA Standard is **not** a technical document
- The CWA Standard is performance-based
  - Describes what needs to be achieved
  - How to do it is up to the organization
- Does not replace any national regulations
  - Compliance with regulations is mandatory under CWA 15793
- Is a comprehensive blueprint for a laboratory biosafety & biosecurity (biorisk) management program
  - Risk-based;
  - Applicable to broad range of organizations, not just high containment laboratories or laboratories that work with certain pathogens and toxins





#### **CWA15793:2008** Content

- **Extensive definition section**
- **Biorisk Management Policy**
- Hazard identification, risk assessment, and risk control
- Roles, responsibilities, and authorities
- Personnel training, awareness and competence
- **Operational control**
- **Emergency response and contingency plans**
- Inventory monitoring and control
- **Accident and incident investigation**
- Inspection and audit
- **Biorisk management review**





#### CWA15793:2008

#### **International Approach**

- Not country specific
- Based on international, acceptable best practices
- Local solutions possible
- The Standard is based around the current WHO Biosafety and **Biosecurity Guidelines**

Local solutions for local problems





#### CWA15793:2008

Example

#### **Occupational Health**

#### 4.4.1.6 **Occupational health**

The organization shall have access to appropriate occupational health expertise and establish an occupational health program commensurate with the activities and risk of the facility.





#### CWA15793:2008

#### **Key Differences**

	CWA 15793	BMBL, LBM etc.
Management System	yes	no
Policy	yes	Generic (if at all)
Continual Improvement	yes	no
Roles & Responsibilities	yes	some
Document Control	yes	no
Auditing	yes	some
Objectives	yes	no
Certification (accredited)	yes	no



#### CWA15793:2008 Certification??

- CWA is not integrated into a formal certification or accreditation system
- A recognized certification/accreditation scheme would ensure the value and consistency of the CWA standard
- International certification/accreditation would strengthen the sustainability of laboratory biorisk management





#### Certification Stakeholders Meeting February 2010

- 40 individual from 14 countries, EC, and OIE
- Goals: To gauge interest in international certification scheme for laboratory biorisk management systems and to identify possible next steps
- Key discussion points:
  - Concerns about multiple national and local schemes being developed
  - Learn from current experiences
  - Certification especially valuable for improving biosecurity
- Consensus conclusions:
  - Develop certification scheme using CWA15793 as the technical basis
  - Certification scheme should be developed with flexibility
  - Need progress on international scheme before conflicting approaches developed



#### **Typical Accredited Certification of Management Systems**

ISO

Makes the rules

International Accreditation Forum\*

Harmonized world-wide interpretation of the rules

**Accreditation Body** 

Quality control of the checker

**Certification Body** 

 Checks the implementation of the rules

**Organization** 

Implements the rules





#### Laboratory Biorisk Management System (CWA15793)

#### CEN

Makes the rules (CWA 15793)

International harmonization?

#### Accreditation Body

#### Certification **Body**

 Self-certification, private consultants

#### **Organization**

 Some laboratories beginning to implement CWA15793





#### CWA15793:2008 Implementation

- CWA is voluntary
- Some laboratories in the USA and around the world have begun to implement CWA15793
- A Guidance document for CWA 15793:2008 is in draft
  - Increase the likelihood of CWA 15793 being adopted by the user community;
  - Ensure that users of CWA 15793 are able to understand and implement the recommendations of the CWA;
  - Increase the confidence of stakeholders (including regulators, funding organizations and the community) that there is consistency in the application of CWA 15793 across different laboratories.



#### **International Laboratory Biorisk Management Documents**

#### **Technical**

- Laboratory Biosafety Manual, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
  - World Health Organization
- Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition,
  - CDC/NIH: extensive recommendations on biosecurity
- Laboratory Biosafety Guidelines, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
  - Public Health Agency Canada
- Biorisk Management: Laboratory Biosecurity Guidance
  - WHO/FAO/OIE joint international biosecurity guidelines
- Laboratory Biosecurity Handbook
  - Sandia National Laboratories
- Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) is establishing biosecurity guideline

#### Management: CEN Workshop Agreements

- CWA 15793 Laboratory Biorisk Management Standard
- CEN WS 55 CWA 15793 Guidance Document (under development)
- CEN WS 53 Biosafety Professional Competence (under development)











#### AMP Model

# Biorisk Management = Assessment Mitigation Performance



Hazard ID Risk Assessment



Biorisk Control Measures Risk Management



Processes QA/QC Objectives

# Strengthening Biological Risk Management



#### Vision for Integrated BioRisk Management:

- Increased focus on "awareness" to change current culture
- Clarify terminology
- Development of targeted "training strategies"
- Securing "commitment" from key stakeholders, including government officials, who must be on hoard
- Continue increasing "capacity" based on Regional/Country needs and establish accountability through development of Country "report cards"







#### **Conclusions**

Adoption and implementation of the CWA 15793:2008 will be an integral part of the future biorisk management agenda for laboratories worldwide and a necessity to protect people and the environment as well as building community confidence





#### **Questions?**

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**Key USG sponsors:** 

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